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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/039,704	11/07/2001	Bernd J.W. Mathiske	SUN-P6316-RSH	5646	
22835	7590 11/10/2005		EXAMINER		
A. RICHARD PARK, REG. NO. 41241			MANOSKEY, JOSEPH D		
2820 FIFTH	GHAN & FLEMING LL STREET	P	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
DAVIS, CA	95616		2113		

DATE MAILED: 11/10/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.		Applicant(s)				
		10/039,704	:	MATHISKE ET AL.				
Office Acti	ion Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		Joseph D. Manosk	сеу	2113				
	ATE of this communication a	opears on the cover s	sheet with the co	orrespondence address				
Period for Reply	:: :TADY DEDICE FOR DED		DE AMONTUK	C) OF THETY (20) DAYS				
WHICHEVER IS LONG - Extensions of time may be averafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the set of	CUTORY PERIOD FOR REP GER, FROM THE MAILING vailable under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 the mailing date of this communication. Ified above, the maximum statutory perio or extended period for reply will, by statutice later than three months after the maint. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS CON 1.136(a). In no event, however d will apply and will expire SI tte, cause the application to b	MMUNICATION er, may a reply be time IX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONED	l. ely filed he mailing date of this communication.) (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)⊠ Responsive to c	ommunication(s) filed on 28	October 2005.						
2a) This action is FI	NAL. 2b)⊠ Th	nis action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are pending in the application.								
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is.	6)⊠ Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s)	<u>.</u>							
8) Claim(s)	are subject to restriction and	or election requirem	nent.					
Application Papers								
9)☐ The specification	is objected to by the Exami	ner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>07 November 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
• •	t request that any objection to th							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
" See the attached	detailed Office action for a ii	st of the certified cop	pies not receive	u.				
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References Cite			Interview Summary					
· <u>—</u>	Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) atement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 	₎₈₎ 5) 🔲 N	Paper No(s)/Mail Da Notice of Informal Pa Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by Litzkow et al., "Checkpoint and Migration of UNIX Processes in the Condor Distributed Processing System", hereinafter referred to as "Litzkow", in view of Croix, U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0100034.
- 3. Referring to claims 1, 10, and 19, Litzkow teaches checkpointing using a library that is re-linked but not re-compiled to include this library, this is interpreted as dynamically linking a library into the application during a run-time invocation of the application, wherein the run-time invocation occurs after the application has been compiled and linked (See page 1, section 1). Litzkow also teaches providing new versions of system calls to record information from the calls, this is interpreted as the library being an interceptor library (See page 5, section 3.4.1). Litzkow discloses new versions of calls that have the same as the calls by the application, thus intercept the function calls, and record the information, this is interpreted as intercepting the function

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calls and recording parameters to create a checkpoint (See page 5, section 3.4.1). The new functions then call the actual routine, thus making the function call (See page 5, section 3.4.1). Interception is done using new versions of the function calls they receive the return value of the actual function call and then return it, thus forwarding the result of the function call back to the application (See page 5, section 3.4.1). Litzkow also teaches programs submitted to be run by the system are re-linked but not re-compiled allowing the checkpointing process to be transparent with user code that is not specially written to accommodate checkpointing; and finally Litzkow discloses that the mechanism is implemented entirely at user level, with absolutely no modification to the kernel, this is interpreted as wherein the system records state information without modifying the application or the operating system (See page 1, section 1 and 2).

Litzkow does not teach linking the interceptor library at application startup time by setting an environment variables for setting the use of the dynamically linked interceptor library and does not teach the use of function pointers to refer to function calls, however Litzkow does teach re-linking but not re-compiling, this is interpreted as dynamically linking and Litzkow discloses the desire to be transparent to user code (See page 1, section 1 and 2). Croix discloses the use of shared objects and dynamic link libraries, which maybe invoked and subsequently executed at runtime by an application program, for calls and callbacks that can be selected by the user via environment variables (See page 2, paragraph 0027 and page 3-4, paragraph 0040). Croix also teaches the use of function pointers for making the calls and callbacks (See page 4, paragraph 0047). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to

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combine the dynamic link libraries and the environment variables and function pointers of Croix with the dynamic linking of Litzkow. This would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to do because it allows the advantage to extended through the use of third programs such as plug-ins (See Croix, page 2, paragraph 0027).

- 4. Referring to claims 2, 11 and 20, Litzkow and Croix teach all the limitations (See rejection of claims 1, 10, 19) including the application being interrupted, this interpreted as stopping the application (See Litzkow, page 7, section 4). Litzkow also teaches the checkpoint being saved to stable storage using the file system, this is interpreted as retrieving the recorded parameters and saving the checkpoint data to secondary storage (See Litzkow, page 1, section 2). Finally the user code resumes where it left off, thus "resuming the application" (See Litzkow, page 7, section 4).
- 5. Referring to claims 3, 12, and 21, Litzkow and Croix disclose all the limitations (See rejection of claims 2, 11, and 20) including restoring the process's state, this is interpreted as using the checkpoint to restore the application (See Litzkow, page 2, section 2).
- 6. Referring to claims 4, 13, and 22, Litzkow and Croix teach all the limitations (See rejection of claims 2, 11, and 20) including the checkpoints being stored in stable

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storage, this is interpreted as saving the checkpoint data to a persistent storage (See Litzkow, page 1, section 2).

- 7. Referring to claims 5, 14, and 23, Litzkow and Croix disclose all the limitations (See rejection of claims 2, 11, and 20) including saving the checkpoint data in stable storage using the file system, this is interpreted as saving the checkpoint data in a file system, or a database (See Litzkow, page 1, section 2).
- 8. Referring to claims 6, 15, and 24, Litzkow and Croix teach all the limitations (See rejection of claim 1, 10, and 19) including using a "syscall()" to call the actual function, this is interpreted as making the function call involves referencing the function through a function pointer (See Litzkow, page 6, section 3.4.1).
- 9. Referring to claims 7, 16, and 25, Litzkow and Croix disclose all the limitations (See rejection of claim 1, 10, and 19) including saving the stack and data in the checkpoint file, this is interpreted as recording results of the function call to facilitate creating a checkpoint that includes information about the results of the function call (See Litzkow, page 7, section 4).
- 10. Referring to claims 8, 17, and 26, Litzkow and Croix teach all the limitations (See rejection of claim 1, 10, and 19) including the function calls including system calls and library routines, "lib calls" (See Litzkow, page 5, section 3.4.1).

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11. Referring to claims 9, 18, and 27, Litzkow and Croix teach all the limitations (See rejection of claim 1, 10, and 19) the checkpoint file containing pathname of the file (See Litzkow, page 7, section 3.4). Litzkow also discloses stack, data, and shared library information in the checkpoint, this is interpreted as thread flags and timer-thread relationships (See Litzkow, page 7, section 4).

Response to Arguments

12. Applicant's arguments filed 28 October 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Applicant argues that Litzkow teaches the operating system support is required and does not function without access to application source code, and thus Litzkow does not teach "wherein the system records state information without modifying the application or the operating system. The Examiner respectfully disagrees. Litzkow teaches programs submitted to be run by the system are re-linked but not re-compiled allowing the checkpointing process to be transparent with user code that is not specially written to accommodate checkpointing and finally Litzkow discloses that the mechanism is implemented entirely at user level, with absolutely no modification to the kernel, this is interpreted as wherein the system records state information without modifying the application or the operating system (See page 1, section 1 and 2). The above claims have been modified to include this new limitation.

Conclusion

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13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joseph D. Manoskey whose telephone number is (571) 272-3648. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. (7:30am to 4pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Beausoliel can be reached on (571) 272-3645. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JDM November 8, 2005

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